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GAEILGE

LUKE ROCK

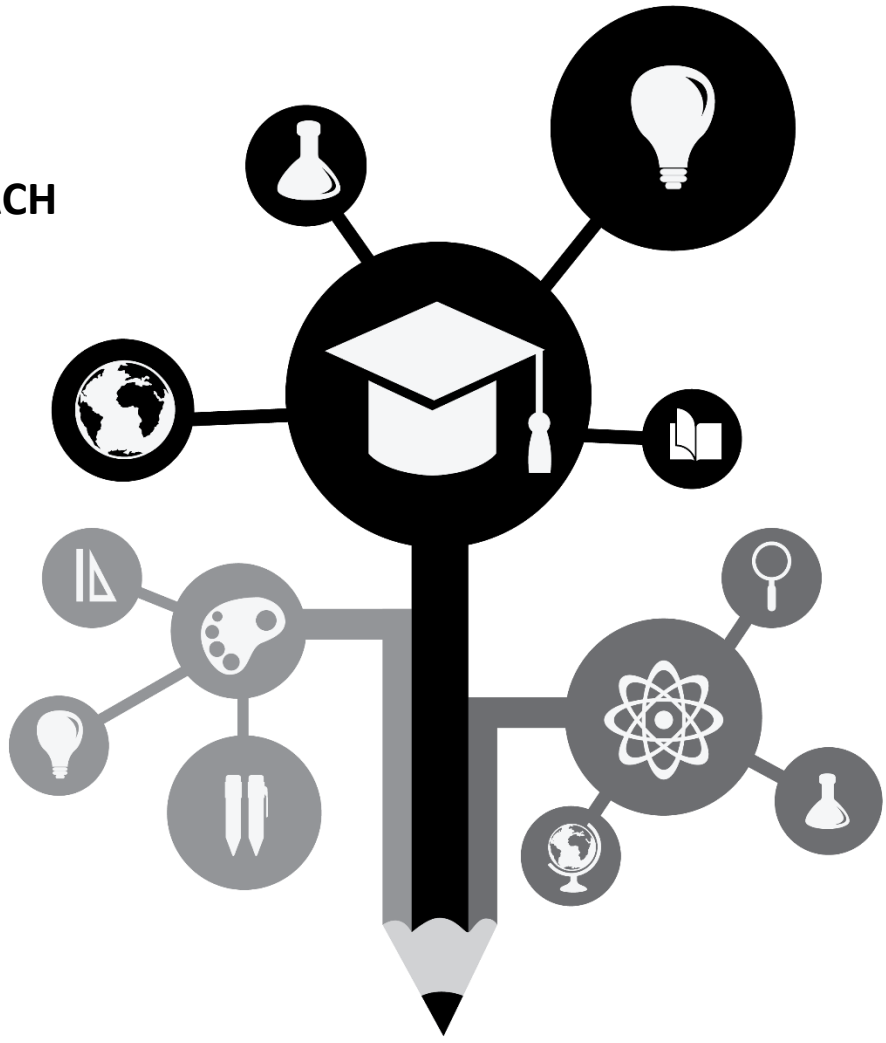
AN ARDTEIST

ARDLEIBHÉAL

2026/27

AN TUISEAL GINIDEACH

FILÍOCHT



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An Tuiseal Ginideach → The Genitive Case

- The Tuiseal Ginideach is an **ALTERNATE SPELLING FOR NOUNS** that we use in certain contexts.

An fear → *hata* ***an fhir***

Scoil → *mála* ***scoile***

When do we use the Tuiseal Ginideach?

1. Two Nouns Together

The theme **of** the poem → téama *an dáin*

The end **of** the day → deireadh *an lae*

2. The Verbal Noun: *doing, making, buying…*

Teach**ing** Irish → ag múineadh *na Gaeilge*

Read**ing** the book → ag léamh *an leabhair*

3. Compound Prepositions

COMPOUND PREPOSITIONS: Two words that have a **new meaning** when combined**:** *le linn, ar son, in aice…*

During the summer → le linn *an tsamhraidh*

Beside the church → in aice *an tséipéil*

4. *chun, trasna, timpeall*

chun	to	**trasna**	across	**timpeall**	around

Around the country → timpeall *na tíre*

To the school → chun *na scoile*

Regular Nouns

	Masculine	Feminine
An/Na	**An**	**Na**
Start of the Word	**Séimhiú on Consonants** **'t' on 's'**	**'h' on Vowels**
End of the word	**+ 'i' after the last vowel**	**+ 'i' after the last vowel** **-e at the end**
Samplaí	An carr → _____ An t-amhrán → _____ An saol → _____	An fhuinneog → _____ An áit → _____ An tsaotharlann → _____

Don't forget about **DNTLS!**

An dán → _____

An tasc → _____

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Exceptions

If a noun **ends with a vowel** or **-ín**, we **DON'T CHANGE the end of the noun:**

An cailín → an chailín

An Ghaeilge → na Gaeilge

If the noun **ends with *eoir, óir, úir* or *cht*** we add an **'a'** to the end of the noun (and remove the 'i' if necessary)

(*There are **4 other important words** that follow this rule: *bliain, sos, rang,* and *buachaill)*

*An múinteoir → an mhúint**eora***

*An teicneolaíocht → na teicneolaíocht**a***

*An bhliain → na blian**a***

Important Irregulars		
Normal Spelling	**Tuiseal Ginideach**	**Béarla**
	+ ach	
An chathair	*Na cathr**ach***	*City*
An traein	*Na traen**ach***	*Train*
An chabhair	*Na cabhr**ach***	*Help*
	Remove the 'i'	
An Nollaig	*Na Noll**ag***	*Christmas/December*
An t-athair	*An ath**ar***	*Father*
An mháthair	*Na máth**ar***	*Mother*
An deartháir	*An dearth**ár***	*Brother*
	Irregular	
An deirfiúr	*Na deirf**éar***	*Sister*
An obair	*Na h**oibre***	*Work*
An cara	*An chara**d***	*Friend*
An bhean	*Na **mná***	*Woman*
An lá	*An l**ae***	*Day*
An mhí	*Na mí**osa***	*Month*
An leaba	*Na leap**a***	*Bed*
An teach	*An t**í***	*House*
An chomharsa	*Na comharsa**n***	*Neighbour*
Éire	*Na hÉire**ann***	*Ireland*
An deoch	*Na d**í***	*Drink*
An scrúdú	*An scrúd**aithe***	*Exam*
An cruinniú	*An chruinn**ithe***	*Meeting*

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Compound Prepositions					
Tar éis	After	*Tar éis an chluiche*	**i ndiaidh**	After	*i ndiaidh an ranga*
Le linn	During	*Le linn an lae*	**i dtaobh**	About/regarding	*i dtaobh na ndaoine*
i rith	During	*i rith na díospóireachta*	**Ó thaobh ___ de**	About/regarding	*Ó thaobh na foirne de*
i dtreo	Toward	*i dtreo na ndaoine*	**i leith**	About/regarding	*i leith duine*
Le haghaidh	For	*Le haghaidh an rúin*	**Ar feadh**	For (time)	*Ar feadh seachtaine*
Ar son	For	*Ar son an fhir*	**In éadan**	Against	*In éadan an bhalla*
i gcomhair	For	*i gcomhair lóin*	**In aghaidh**	Against	*In aghaidh an easa*
Faoi choinne	For	*Faoi choinne agallaimh*	**i gcoinne**	Against	*i gcoinne an rúin*
Le hais	For/beside	*Le hais na trá*	**Trí mheán**	Through (medium of)	*Trí mheán na Gaeilge*
Faoi bhun	Under	*Faoi bhun droichid*	**Ag bun**	At the bottom of	*Ag bun an tsléibhe*
Ar barr	On top of	*Ar barr an bhoird*	**Os comhair**	In front of	*Os comhair na cúirte*
Ag barr	At the top of	*Ag barr an bhóthair*	**Os coinne**	In front of	*Os coinne an tí*
Ar fud	All over	*Ar fud na cathrach*	**Os cionn**	Above	*Os cionn an cheoil*
Fud fad	All over	*Fud fad na háite*	**In aice**	Beside	*in aice an tséipéil*
Ar chúl	At the back of	*Ar chúl na scoile*	**Faoi stiúir**	Under (direction of)	*Faoi stiúir na mná*
De thairbhe	Because of	*De thairbhe an bhua*	**De bharr**	Because of	*De bharr na faidhbe*
D'ainneoin	Despite	*D'ainneoin a mhianta*	**In ainneoin**	Despite	*In ainneoin a dhíchill*
In áit	Instead of	*In áit an imreora*	**In ionad**	Instead of	*In ionad airgid*
i lár	In the middle of	*i lár na tíre*	**i láthair**	In the presence of	*i láthair an luchta*
i measc	Among	*i measc na ndéagóirí*	**De réir**	In accordance with	*De réir an dlí*
i gcuideachta	With	*i gcuideachta a iníne*	**i dteannta**	With	*i dteannta a chara*
Níos mó	More	*Níos mó oibre*	**Níos lú**	Less	*Níos lú cabhrach*

EISCEACHT: *Go dtí* does not cause the Tuiseal Ginideach! We use the **NORMAL NOUN RULES** after it!

*Chuaigh mé **go dtí** an scoil*

Noun Gender	
Masculine Endings	**Feminine Endings**
-án / -ún / -ú	**-lann**
-ín	**-eog/óg**
Jobs → *-eoir, -óir, úir, éir, -ire*	**Countries and Languages**
-cht (1 syllable)	**-cht (2 + syllables)**
-a (2 syllables)	**-ine**
Words that end on a BROAD CONSONANT: *ar, ús, ord, adh, amh, ón…*	**Words that end on a SLENDER CONSONANT:** *il, ir, úint, irt, int, íl, óid…*

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Cleachtadh

Focal	An Tuiseal Ginideach
Bord (masc.)	*Bhí mé ag glanadh* _____
Oifig (fem.)	*Fuair mé béile sa bhialann in aice* _____
Scoil (fem.)	*Bhí príomhoide* _____ *ag labhairt leis na múinteoirí*
Eolas (masc.)	*Tá an dalta ag foghlaim* _____ *don scrúdú*
Pictiúrlann (fem.)	*Chuaigh an teaghlach chun* _____ *ar an Satharn*
Saol (masc.)	*Phléigh na daltaí nuacht* _____ *ag an gciorcal comhrá*
Doras (masc.)	*Tá an múinteoir ag oscailt* _____
Díospóireacht (fem.)	*Thaitin rún* _____ *leis an bhfoireann*
Múinteoir (masc.)	*Bhí an dalta ag troid i gcoinne* _____
Mála (masc.)	*Tá sé ag dúnadh* _____
Cathair (fem.)	*Tá an scoile suite i lár* _____

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Freagraí

Focal	An Tuiseal Ginideach
Bord (masc.)	*Bhí mé ag glanadh* ***an bhoird***
Oifig (fem.)	*Fuair mé béile sa bhialann in aice* ***na hoifige***
Scoil (fem.)	*Bhí príomhoide* ***na scoile*** *ag labhairt leis na múinteoirí*
Eolas (masc.)	*Tá an dalta ag foghlaim* ***an eolais*** *don scrúdú*
Pictiúrlann (fem.)	*Chuaigh an teaghlach chun* ***na pictiúrlainne*** *ar an Satharn*
Saol (masc.)	*Phléigh na daltaí nuacht* ***an tsaoil*** *ag an gciorcal comhrá*
Doras (masc.)	*Tá an múinteoir ag oscailt* ***an dorais*** **(DNTLS!)**
Díospóireacht (fem.)	*Thaitin rún* ***na díospóireachta*** *leis an bhfoireann*
Múinteoir (masc.)	*Bhí an dalta ag troid i gcoinne* ***an mhúinteora***
Mála (masc.)	*Tá sé ag dúnadh* ***an mhála***
Cathair (fem.)	*Tá an scoile suite i lár* ***na cathrach***

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INÍON: ABAIRTÍ

Revision Sheet for *Iníon*

These are the **most important sentences** needed to write about **all key topics** for this poem!

Gaeilge	Béarla
Taispeánann an dán seo an **CAIDREAMH** idir **máthair** agus **a h**iníon.	*This poem shows the **RELATIONSHIP** between a **mother** and **her** daughter.*
Feicimid an **CHOIMHLINT** sa chaidreamh seo trí **na hÍOMHÁNNA** a chruthaíonn an file.	*We see the **CONFLICT** in this relationship through the **IMAGES** which the poet creates.*
Tá **CODARSNACHT** idir **mianta na beirte.**	*There is **CONTRAST** between **the pair's desires**.*
Tá **fearg** ar an iníon lena máthair.	*The daughter is **angry** with her mother.*
Tá sí **ag gol** agus **ag béiceadh** ar a máthair.	*She is **crying** and **shouting** at her mother.*
Ní thuigeann a máthair í. **Casann sí a droim** ar a máthair.	*Her mother doesn't understand her. **She turns her back** on her mother.*
Smaoiníonn an mháthair siar ar **a hóige** féin.	*The mother thinks back on her own **youth.***
Bhí **an choimhlint chéanna** aici lena máthair nuair a bhí sí ina **déagóir** '*meidhreach cool*'.	*She had the **same conflict** with her mother when she was a 'cool' **teenager**.*
Is **bean stuama láidir** í an mháthair mar **ní ghéilleann** sí dá hiníon.	*The mother is a **strong clear-headed woman** because **she doesn't give in** to her daughter.*
Níor aontaigh an file lena máthair nuair a bhí sí **óg.** Ach, tuigeann sí anois go raibh **an ceart** aici.	*The poet **didn't agree** with her mother when she was **young.** But, now she understands that she was **right.***
Leanann sí **comhairle a máthar** agus í **ag tacú** lena **h**iníon.	*She follows **her mother's advice** as she is **supporting** her daughter.*
Déanann an file **iarracht** a **h**iníon a chur ar an mbóthar ceart.	*The poet makes an **effort** to put her daughter on the right road.*
Ach, ceapann an iníon gur **amadáin** iad a tuistí.	*But, the daughter thinks that her parents are **idiots.***
Is cuma leis an máthair faoin **gcoimhlint**.	*The mother doesn't care about the **conflict.***
Fásann **grá na máthar** dá **h**iníon gach lá.	*The **mother's love** for her daughter grows every day.*
Tá **deighilt** agus **teannas** sa **chaidreamh** anois.	*There is a **divide** and **tension** in the **relationship** now.*
Ach, beidh an bhean seo **ann dá hiníon** i gcónaí.	*But this woman will be **there for her daughter** always.*
Is é **GRÁ MÁTHAR/AN CAIDREAMH IDIR MÁTHAIR AGUS INÍON** an téama sa dán seo.	***MOTHERLY LOVE/THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN A MOTHER AND DAUGHTER** is the theme in this poem.*
Feicimid an téama trí **na híomhánna** den **choimhlint** sa **chaidreamh.**	*We see the theme through the **images** of the **conflict** in the **relationship.***
Tá **deighilt** idir **dearcadh na beirte.**	*There is a **divide** between the **pair's viewpoints.***
Feicimid go bhfuil **grá mór** ag an máthair dá hiníon.	*We see that the mother has **a lot of love** for her daughter.*
Is cuma léi faoin **achrann**, fásann **a cuid grá** gach lá.	*She doesn't care about the **fight**, **her love** grows every day.*

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Is é **GRÁ** an **mothúchán is láidre** sa dán seo	***LOVE** is the **strongest emotion** in this poem.*
Is **máthair ghrámhar** í an file.	*The poet is a **loving mother.***
Ba mhaith léi a hiníon **a chosaint**.	*She wants **to protect** her daughter.*
Fanann sí **foighneach** agus **ní ghéilleann sí** dá hiníon.	*She stays **patient** and **she doesn't give in** to her daughter.*
Feicimid an GRÁ a bhí ag **máthair an fhile** di. Rinne sí an **rud céanna** nuair a bhí an file **óg.**	*We see the **LOVE** the **poet's mother** had for her. She did the **same thing** when the poet was **young.***
Bhí mé in ann **IONANNÚ leis an iníon** sa dán seo.	*I was able to **RELATE TO** the daughter in this poem.*
Is cuimhin liom cúpla uair a raibh mé **ag gol** mar níor lig mo thuistí dom bualadh ***le*** mo chairde.	***I remember** a couple of times when I was **crying** because my parents didn't let me meet my friends.*
Tá **meas** agam ar an máthair sa dán. Bhí a **h**iníon **drochbhéasach** ach **ní ghéilleann sí.**	*I have **respect** for the mother in the poem. Her daughter was **rude** but **she doesn't give in.***
Tá **ceithre véarsa** sa dán le **ceithre líne** i ngach véarsa.	*There are **4 verses** in the poem with **4 lines** in each verse.*
Cloisimid **rím** sa dán. Cuireann sé seo le **dul an dáin**.	*We hear **rhyme** in the poem. This adds to the **poem's flow**.*
Úsáideann an file **Gaeilge chomhráiteach** agus **meascán** de Ghaeilge agus Béarla.	*The poet uses **conversational Irish** and a **mixture** of Irish and English.*
Cruthaíonn sé **fuaim nádúrtha** sa **chaint**.	*This creates a **natural sound** in the **speech.***
Úsáideann an file **abairtí gearra agus fada**. Cuireann sé seo **béim** ar an **téama** agus **mothúcháin**	*The poet uses **short and long sentences.** This puts emphasis on the **theme** and **emotions.***

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